

Moore Kids  
Moore Hours  
Moore Love



COLORING AND ACTIVITIES

Draw a picture of yourself.

# Word search

N	S	T	W	M	H	R	E	S	T
S	A	S	Q	Y	Z	O	D	V	A
C	S	R	D	W	E	X	P	X	E
Q	A	O	O	R	O	T	C	O	D
J	R	S	U	H	E	E	X	G	O
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BONES  
CAST  
DOCTOR  
HORAN  
HYDORN  
LOCKE  
MOORE  
XRAY

**Patella:** The patella, also known as the knee cap or kneecap, is a thick, circular-triangular bone.

**Ribs:** ribs are the long curved bones which form the rib cage.

**Radius:** The radius is one of the two large bones of the forearm. It extends from the lateral side of the elbow to the thumb side of the wrist.

**Skull:** The human skull is a bony structure, skeleton, that is in the human head and which supports the structures of the face and forms a cavity for the brain.

**Humerus:** The humerus is a long bone in the arm or forelimb that runs from the shoulder to the elbow.

**Acromion:** The acromion is an anatomical feature on the shoulder blade extending laterally over the shoulder joint.

**Vertebrae:** one of the bony segments composing the spinal column.

**Fibula:** The fibula or calf bone is a bone placed on the lateral side of the tibia.

**Scapula:** the scapula, or shoulder blade, is the bone that connects the humerus (upper arm bone) with the clavicle (collar bone).

**Sternum:** The sternum, or breastbone is a long flat bony plate shaped like a capital "T" located in the center of the thorax (chest).

**Tibia:** The tibia, or shinbone, is the larger and stronger of the two bones in the leg below the knee.

**Ulna:** The ulna is one of the two long bones in the forearm, the other being the radius, which is shorter and smaller.

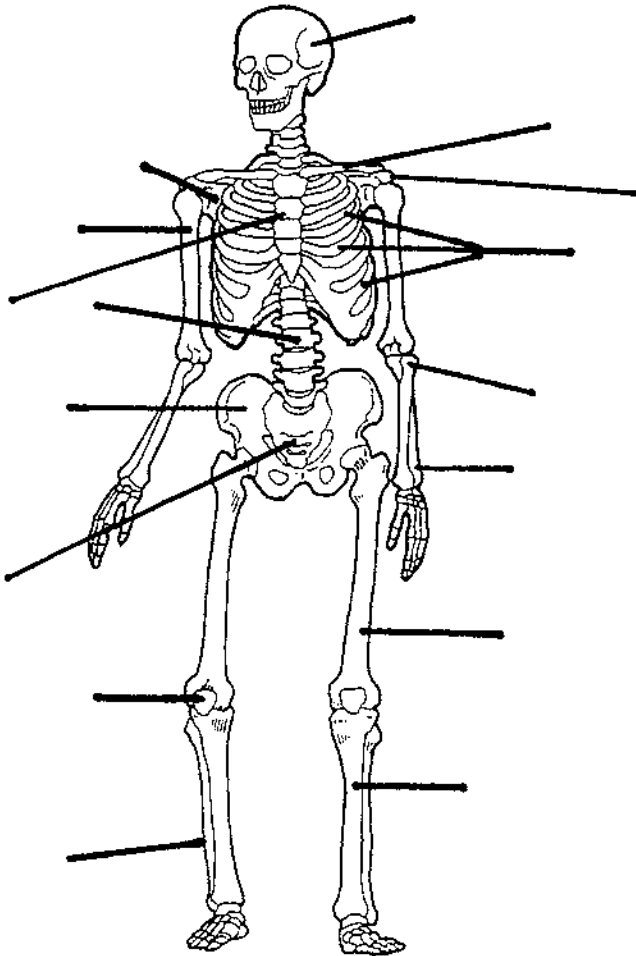
**Sacrum:** the sacrum is a large, triangular bone at the base of the spine and at the upper and back part of the pelvic cavity.

**Femur:** The femur (pl. femurs or femora), or thigh bone is the longest and largest bone in the body.

**Clavicle:** the clavicle or collar bone is a long bone of short length that serves as a strut between the scapula and the sternum. It is the only long bone in body that lies horizontally.

**Pelvis:** The pelvis contains a large compound bone structure at the base of the spine, which is connected with the legs or rear limbs.

Can you name the different bones on the skeleton?



Dr. Locke

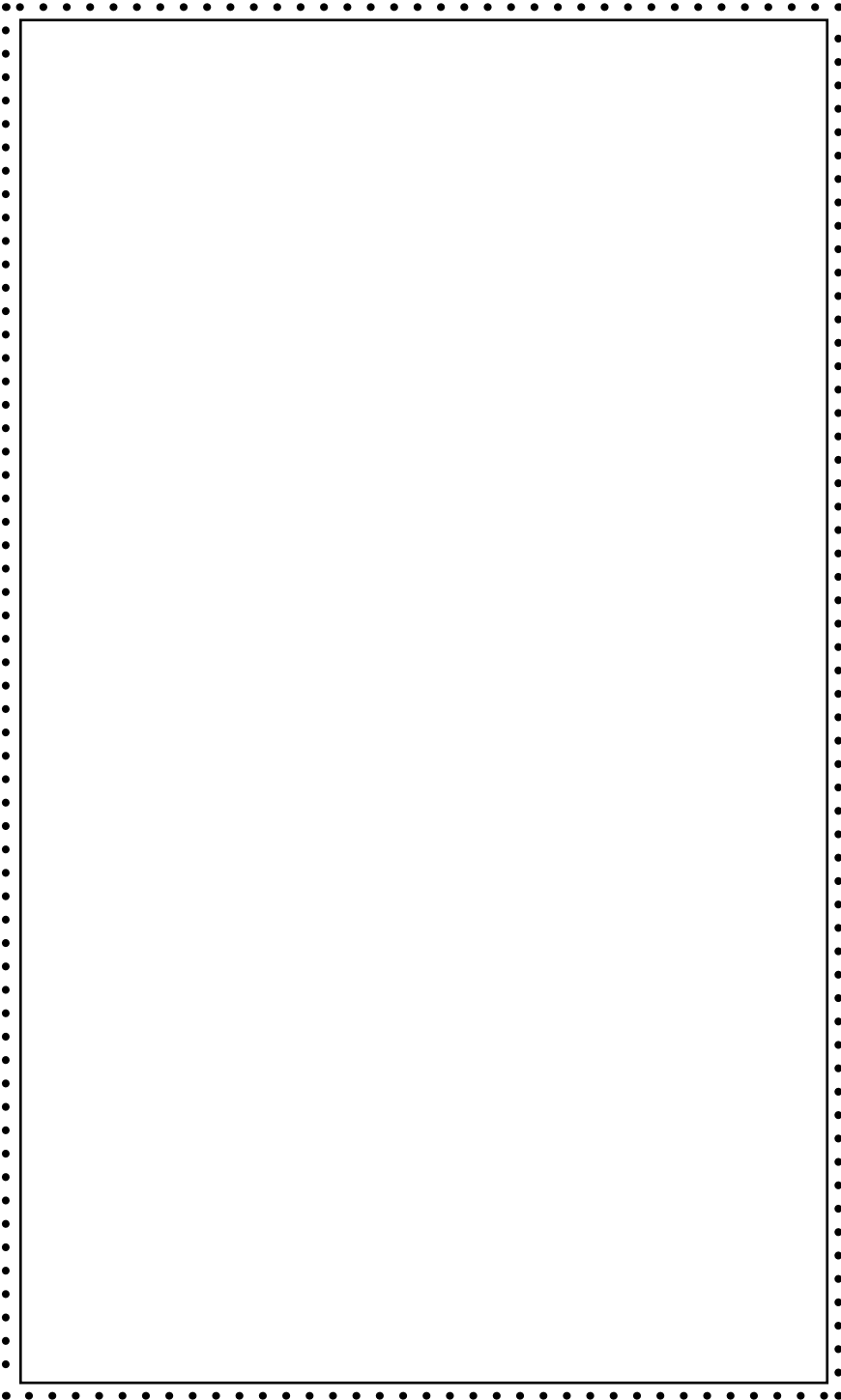


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